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GOLDCORAL PTY LTD PRELIMINARY RADIATION SITE ASSESSMENT

Iron Gates Development – Evans Head NSW

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Report No

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1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 BACKGROUND

Hyder Consulting Pty Ltd (Hyder) has been commissioned by Goldcoral Pty Ltd to undertake a Preliminary Radiation Site Assessment of the proposed Iron Gates residential development, Evans Head. This assessment comprises of:

- A preliminary site investigation, to establish whether radioactive sand residues from former mineral sand mining activities exists on the site; and
- If required, establishing the extent of soil contamination, and possible environmental, health
 and safety impairment risks, with a view to establishing a suitable
 remediation/management strategy.

The above will be carried out in accordance with NSW Government Department of Health – Radiation Branch publication, "No. 12 Clean-Up and Disposal of Radioactive Residues from Commercial Operations Involving Mineral Sands".

This report covers:

- The results of the on-site inspection and preliminary in-situ analysis, (to identify, likely areas
 of contamination, and prepare a sampling and analysis protocol);
- · Recommendations for ongoing site management.

1.2 SITE IDENTIFICATION

The scope of this study was the "development area" as detailed in the locality plan provided below. The development site is located approximately 1.7 kilometres south-west of Evans Head township. This is the area that will be directly disturbed as a result of the construction required for the development. This includes bulk earthworks, road construction and ancillary activities such as stockpile and compound sites, utility installation and access requirements, and any alterations to intersections. The location of the proposal is illustrated in Figure 1 (a detailed locality plan with development layout is provided in Appendix 1).



Figure 1: Site locality plan showing the development area

1.3 OBJECTIVE

The objective of this contamination investigation was to identify potential risks associated with radioactive sand residues from past sand mining activities in the study area and to identify areas that may require remediation or management through construction phases.

Carrying out the Preliminary Radiation Site Assessment will provide the Goldcoral Pty Ltd with information on potential risks associated with contamination based on past sand mining operations adjacent to and on portions of the site. The process will identify where there is a contamination risk which warrants additional intrusive investigations aimed at characterising the presence and extent of any impact within the vicinity of the proposal. The outcomes of the assessment will inform management actions for ongoing protection of the environment and will provide baseline information to monitor future change.

1.4 SCOPE OF WORKS

To achieve the above outlined objectives the following scope of works was undertaken:

- Desktop review of site history information of the proposal site and adjoining sites in May 2014 was undertaken to identify potential areas of environmental concern. Where available, this included review of the following information sources:
 - Historical titles.
 - Historical aerial photographs (from 1953 to present, where available).
 - Previous environmental reports for the site.
- A site assessment/walkover by a Hyder representative; this included:

- Evidence of past sand mining activities.
- Identification of sand mining residues or former tailings.
- General review of previous operations within the area of impact.
- Checking for signs of ground illminite or monozite that are visible on the ground surface.
- A radiation survey recording surface radiation levels.
- Preparation of a Preliminary Radiation Site Assessment Report for the proposal.

1.5 LIMITATIONS

The findings in this report are based on a preliminary environmental desktop study described in the scope of works. Hyder has performed the services in a manner consistent with the level of care and expertise exercised by members of the environmental consulting profession. No warranties, expressed or implied are made. Hyder's assessment is limited strictly to identifying typical environmental conditions associated with the study area. All environmental and contaminated land/radiation survey work is subject to general limitations related to the heterogeneity of the natural environment, variability of contaminant distribution and constraints imposed by the investigation methods utilised.

The results of this assessment are based on the site inspection undertaken by Hyder personnel from accessible areas, information provided by Goldcoral Pty Ltd and publically available background information. All conclusions and recommendations are the professional opinions of the Hyder personnel involved in the project, subject to the qualifications made above. While normal assessments of data reliability have been made, Hyder assumes no responsibility or liability for errors in any data obtained from external sources, or developments resulting from situations outside the scope of this project.

Specifically, with regard to this report, it should be noted that the scope of works carried out herein is not intended to include sufficient information to enable completion of a statutory audit of the site, and as such does not include the following:

- Any intrusive soil/groundwater sampling and analysis.
- Sampling and analysis of any emissions to air, wastewater discharges or solid and liquid wastes.

Please ensure that these limitations are understood before utilising, or basing decisions on the information presented in this report.

2 GEOLOGY AND HYDROLOGY

2.1 GEOLOGY

The Australian Stratigraphic Units Database describes the Evan Head area (Evans Head Coal Measure) as Thin- to thick-bedded, crossbedded, coarse-grained quartz to sublithic arenite, thinly-bedded grey siltstone, claystone, minor coal, as partings and very thin bands. The Evans Head area belongs to the Ipswich Basin Geological Province.

Basic geological mapping of the area indicates that the Evans Head headlands are comprised of different types of sediments. These are all very recent which geologically places them at Quaternary (or more specifically Pleistocene to Holocene aged) comprising mainly sands in the beach and dune systems and silts and clays around the river estuary. Many of the Holocene aged sediments contain potential acid sulfate soils, which are common in the region. Acid sulphate soils are covered in more detail in section 2.3 of this report.

3 SITE BACKGROUND AND HISTORICAL REVIEW

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Goldcoal Pty Ltd propose to develop the Iron Gates site into a 180 lot residential development. The proposal is located approximately 1.7 kilometres south-west of Evans Head township. Figures 1 shows the proposal in relation to its local and regional context.

Table 1: Site identification details

Site Address:	Iron Gates Road, Iron Gates			
Approximate Total Area of Impact	18 Hectares			
Postcode	2473			
Adjacent Lot and DP Numbers	544/48550	547/48550	276/55624	277/755624
Local Government Area	Richmond Valle	ey Council		
Current Site Zoning	Low Medium Residential			
Current Site Use	Vacant Land			

3.2 ADJOINING LAND USES

Land use in the study area is characterised by surrounding undeveloped land zones Parcel Boundary.

3.3 PLANNING CONTEXT

3.3.1 **ZONING**

The Proposal area is zoned under the Richmond Valley Council Development Control Plan (DCP). This planning context is shown in Figure 3 below.

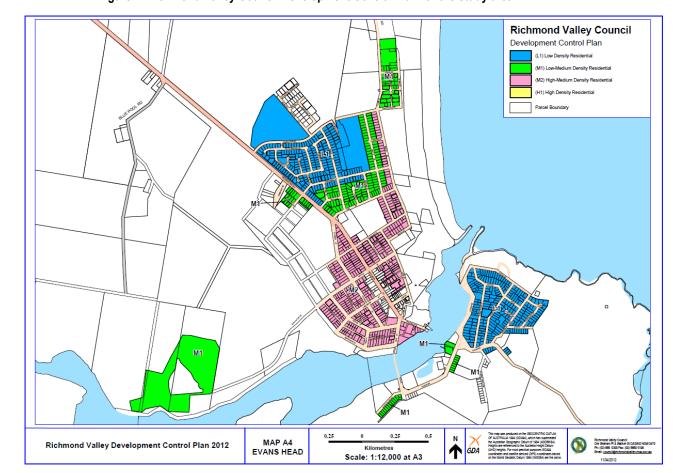


Figure 2: Richmond Valley Council Development Control Plan for the study area

3.4 TITLE SEARCHES

Hyder conducted a title search of "properties of interest" with the aim of tracing ownership details through a search of title records. The proposed Iron Gates development comprises of three separate properties. Those properties that have been identified by aerial photography historic searches as having past activities that may have had the potential to contaminate the receiving environment. No historical potentially contaminating activities were identified by the historical title search.

3.5 AERIAL PHOTOGRAPH REVIEW

Historical aerial photographs were obtained from the Land and Property Management Authority (LPMA). A review of the historical aerial photographs of the site is presented in the Table 2. Aerial photographs are presented in Appendix 2.

Table 2: Review of historical aerial photographs

Site History Details	Potential contamination Implications
Sole Dwelling with surrounding cleared land for rural use	
Sole Dwelling with surrounding cleared land for rural use	
Sole Dwelling with surrounding cleared land for rural use	
Eastern portion and adjacent property to the Iron Gates property has evidence of substantial sand mining activities (Refer Figure 2)	Potential sand mining residues with elevated radiation levels
Sole Dwelling with surrounding cleared land for rural use	
Sand mining activities seem to have down sized and revegetation of areas is evident	Potential sand mining residues with elevated radiation levels
Sole Dwelling with surrounding cleared land for rural use	
Sand mining activities have ceased	
Sole dwelling and cleared land and constructed roads associated with the Iron Gates development (Refer Figure 3	9)
Sole dwelling and cleared land and constructed roads associated with the Iron Gates development	
Sole dwelling and cleared land and constructed roads associated with the Iron Gates development	
	Sole Dwelling with surrounding cleared land for rural use Sole Dwelling with surrounding cleared land for rural use Sole Dwelling with surrounding cleared land for rural use Eastern portion and adjacent property to the Iron Gates property has evidence of substantial sand mining activities (Refer Figure 2) Sole Dwelling with surrounding cleared land for rural use Sand mining activities seem to have down sized and revegetation of areas is evident Sole Dwelling with surrounding cleared land for rural use Sand mining activities have ceased Sole dwelling and cleared land and constructed roads associated with the Iron Gates development (Refer Figure 3) Sole dwelling and cleared land and constructed roads associated with the Iron Gates development

3.6 SUMMARY OF SITE HISTORY

The information obtained from the site history review can be summarised as follows:

- Previous to 1971 the area was generally rural with a sole dwelling.
- There is evidence that sand mining activities were undertaken between 1965 and 1981
- Sand mining activities ceased before 1988.
- In 1996 the Iron Gates urban development was constructed.
- The site has remained unchanged since 1996.

3.7 POTENTIAL AREAS OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONCERN

Based on information obtained from this site history review, potential environmental issues at the site can be summarised as follows:

 During the 1970's and early 1980's sand mining activities took place. As a result tailings dams may have concentrated monazite separated out as part of the mining process. Monazite tailing can be responsible for elevated radiation levels and potentially causes health risks.



Figure 2: Aerial photograph of Iron Gates Site in 1971 with sand mining activities evident on the eastern portion of the site and adjacent property



Figure 3: Aerial photograph of Iron Gates Site in 1998 with developed roads.

4 RELEVENT REGULATIONS AND GUIDELEINES

The NSW Department of Health - Radiation Branch has developed action level thresholds for the clean-up and disposal of radioactive residues from commercial operations involving mineral sands, and are presented below.

1. Action Level Criteria

- 1.1 For dwellings, schools (including playground), businesses, factories, etc. where occupancies by the same individuals occur regularly on a day by day basis, the remedial action level should be 0.7 μ Gy h⁻¹ (or 70 μ R h⁻¹) for all points at 1 metre above the area of concern on the property.
- 1.2 For other areas, where occupancies are for a few hours per week by the same individuals or by differing individuals and for garden areas, the remedial action level should be 1.0 μ Gy h⁻¹ (100 μ R h⁻¹) for all points at 1 metre above the lowest surface of the area.
- 1.3 For roads, paths, and other areas with intermittent occupancy, the remedial action level should be 2.5 μ Gy h⁻¹ (250 μ R h⁻¹) for all points at 1 metre above the surface of the areas.
- 1.4 All values quoted above should include a value for normal natural background of 0.1 μ Gy h⁻¹ (10 μ R h⁻¹).

5 SITE INSPECTION

A site inspection was undertaken by Hyder Consulting on 17 June 2014 by Simon Groth of Hyder Consulting. The site visit involved identifying activities or site features that may be associated with past sand mining activities being present in areas identified in historic aerial photographs. These locations were closely inspected and reference made to the concept plan of the development works proposed. Site inspection photographs are provided in Appendix 3. No contaminating activities or evidence of mineral sand staining was identified during the site inspection.

A surface radiation survey of the development site was also undertaken using a calibrated HPI Cypher 5000 Digital Radiation Alert Monitor to measure surface gamma radiation levels and detect and locate any areas of elevated radiation levels. The assessment was undertaken by walking transects of the site approximately 20-25 metres apart with the aid of a GPS device. Radiation levels were continuously monitored at all times whilst walking transects. Transects were recorded and plotted in Figure 4 below.

Radiation levels were also recorded at three off site locations to determine endemic background radiation levels for the Evans Head area. These locations are detailed in table 7.

Table 3: Off-site locations to determine endemic background levels for the Evans Head area

Location Description	Distance from Iron Gates Site (Km)	Radiation Measurement (microsievert/ hour)
Cherry Street, Evans Head	1.0	0.2 - 0.4
Evans Head Rugby League Club	1.8	0.2 – 0.35
Evans Heads River K12 School	1.6	0.2 – 0.385

Figure 4: Surface radiation survey transects continuously monitored (in red) on the Iron Gates site.



Conditions at Site Boundary

There were no visible signs of mineral sand staining identified during the site inspection

6 RESULTS

The surface radiation levels monitored on the Iron Gates site in areas where previous sand mining activities were located are all equivalent to background levels displayed at the three off site background control locations. Surface radiation levels generally varied between 0.00 uSv/Hr to 0.3 uSv/Hr. Some discrete areas displayed levels of 0.4 and 0.5 uSv/Hr however these areas are still below Action Level Criteria for dwellings.

It should be noted that while radiation dose rate unit results are quoted in uSv/Hr (microsieverts) and Action Level Criteria units are quoted in uGy/Hr (microgray) these units are identical for gamma radiation in this situation.

7 FURTHER INVESTIGATIONS

Based on the site assessment undertaken, it is consider that no further investigations or actions are required.

8 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

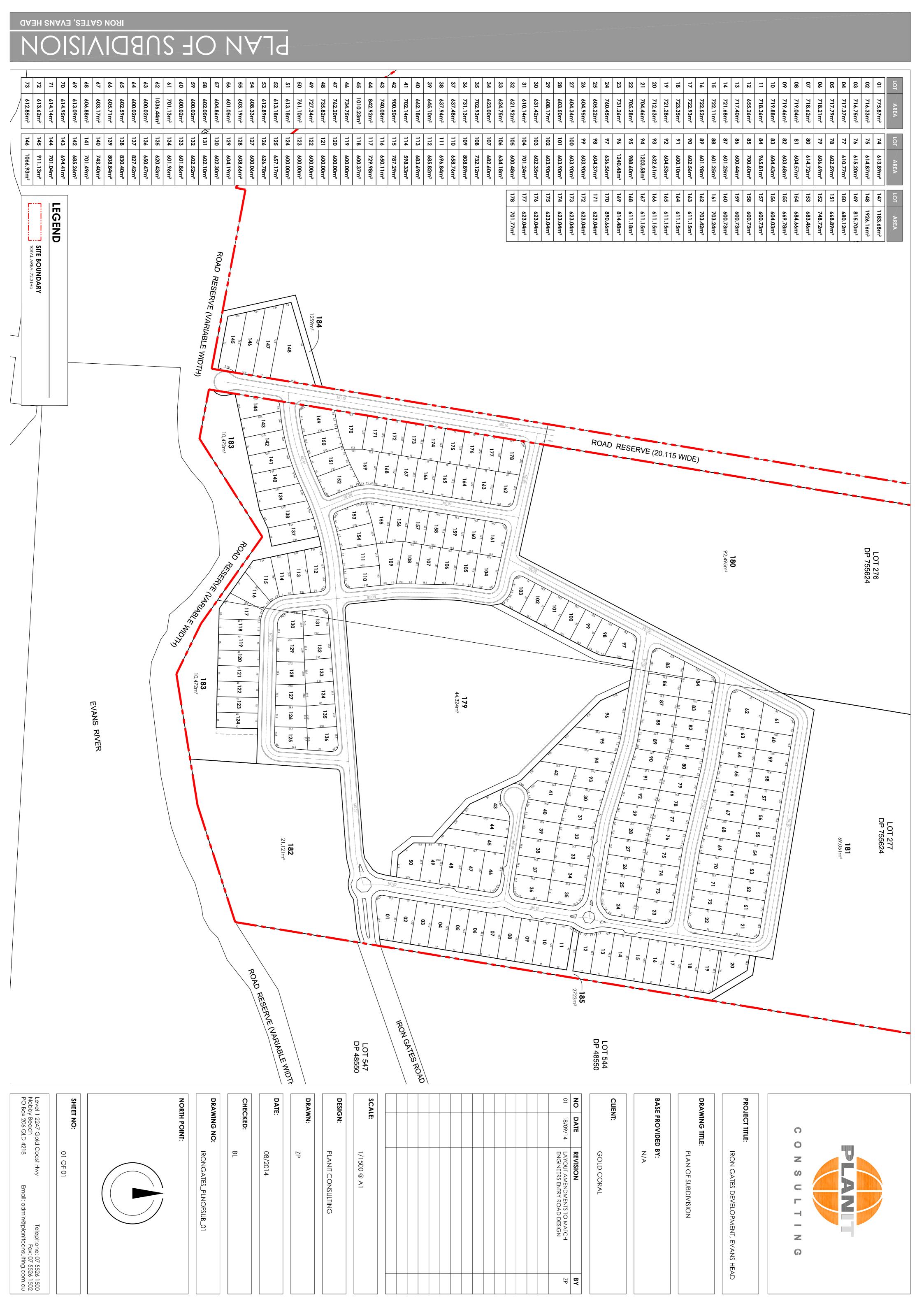
Desktop studies revealed that eastern parts of the site and the property adjacent of the Iron Gates development was subject to sandmining activities during the 1970's and early 1980's. As a result there may have been potential for the existence of sand mining residues with elevated radiation levels on site that may have been associated with tailings dams from rutile separation processes.

Site investigations were undertaken and surface radiation levels monitored on the Iron Gates site in areas where previous sand mining activities were located are all equivalent to background levels displayed at the three off site background control locations. Surface radiation levels generally varied between 0.00 uSv/Hr to 0.3 uSv/Hr. Some discrete areas displayed levels of 0.4 and 0.5 uSv/Hr however these areas are still below Action Level Criteria for dwellings.

Based on the site assessment undertaken, it is consider that no further investigations or actions are required.

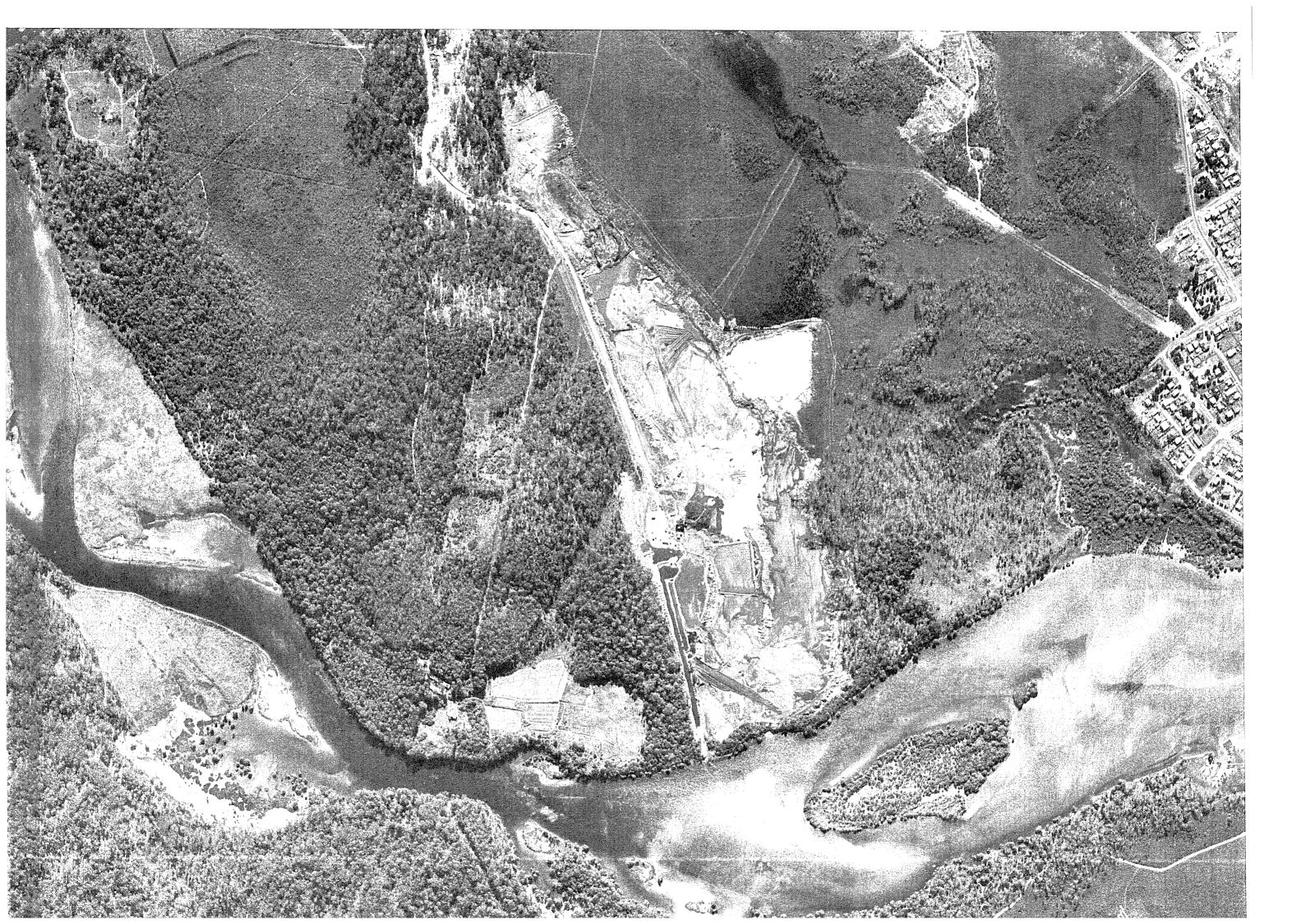
APPENDIX 1

PROPOSED DEVELOPEMENT



APPENDIX 2	
HISTORIC AERIAL PHOTOGRAPHS	

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APPENDIX 3

SITE INSPECTION PHOTOGRAPHS



Photographic Illustration 1: Cleared area adjacent to Evans Creek with sole dwelling in the back ground.



Photographic Illustration 2: Open drain located on the eastern boundary of the site were previous sand mining activities are likely to have taken place.



Photographic Illustration 3: Previously constructed road on the Iron Gates estate.



Photographic Illustration 4: Photograph of the North West portion of the Iron Gates property.